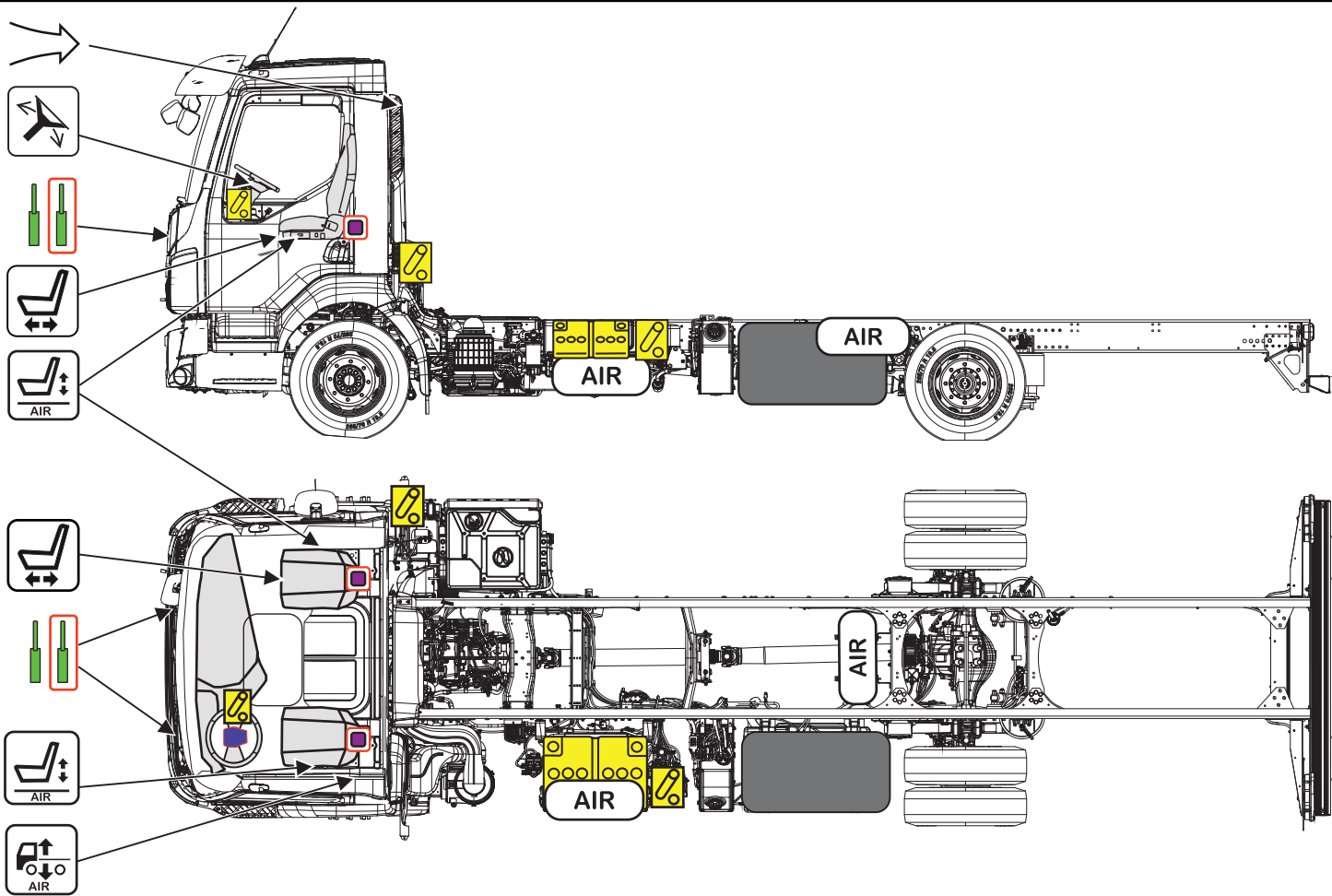




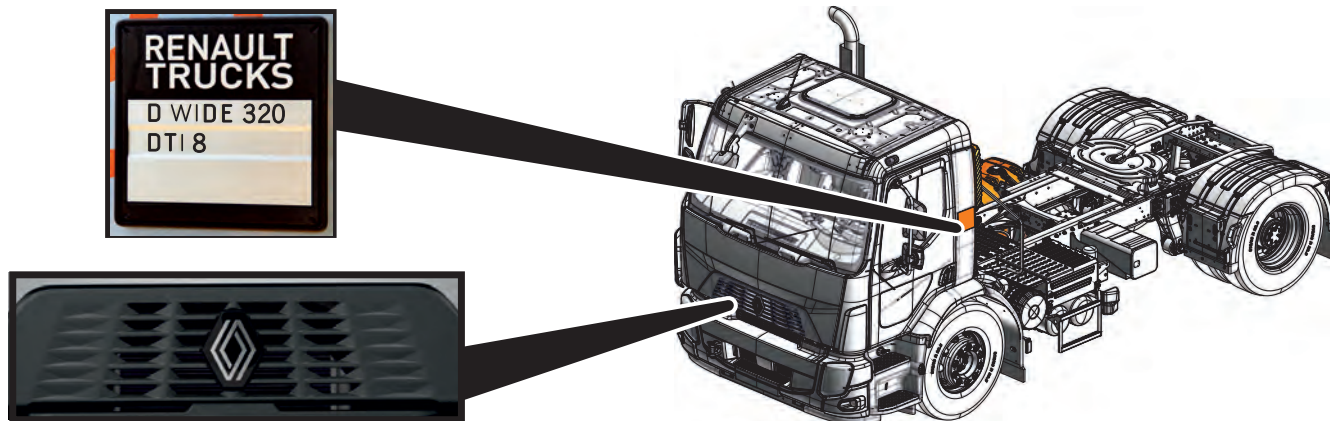
 Fuel tank content Diesel	 Air intake	 Battery, low-voltage	 Air tank	 Truck height control by air	 Steering wheel, tilt control	 Airbag
 Seat height adjustment by air	 Seat adjustment, longitudinal	 Gas strut, preloaded spring	 Device to shut down power in vehicle	 Seat belt pretensioner		

Note

(a) The above illustrations show information for one variant of this product. Number of axles, location of the batteries and air tanks, structure of the cab can vary depending on the variant of the product.

(b) This rescue sheet does not cover the safety aspects of any components or equipment mounted by third parties, such as body builders.

1. Identification / recognition



A diesel truck can be identified by the presence of diesel tank on the left-hand side or right-hand side of the truck. Other ways to identify the diesel truck are the presence of air intake pipe routed behind the cab and/or engine horsepower (hp) emblem placed next to the right-hand side and left-hand side door of the truck.

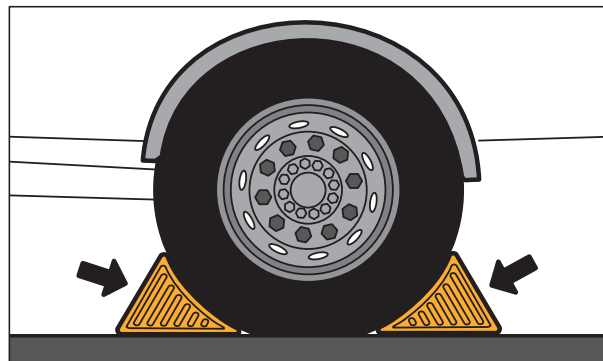
Note: In some truck variants, the air intake pipe is routed under the cab and may not be visible from outside.

2. Immobilisation / stabilisation / lifting

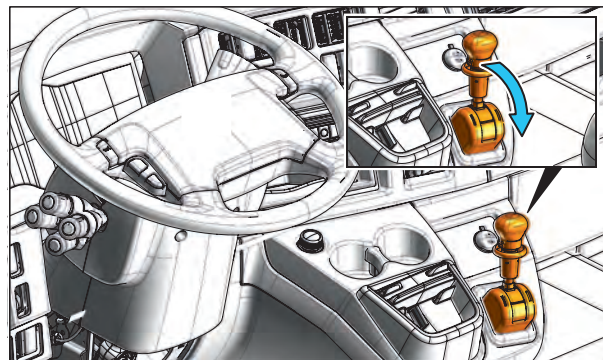
Approach the truck from the sides to stay out of its potential travel path.

Immobilisation

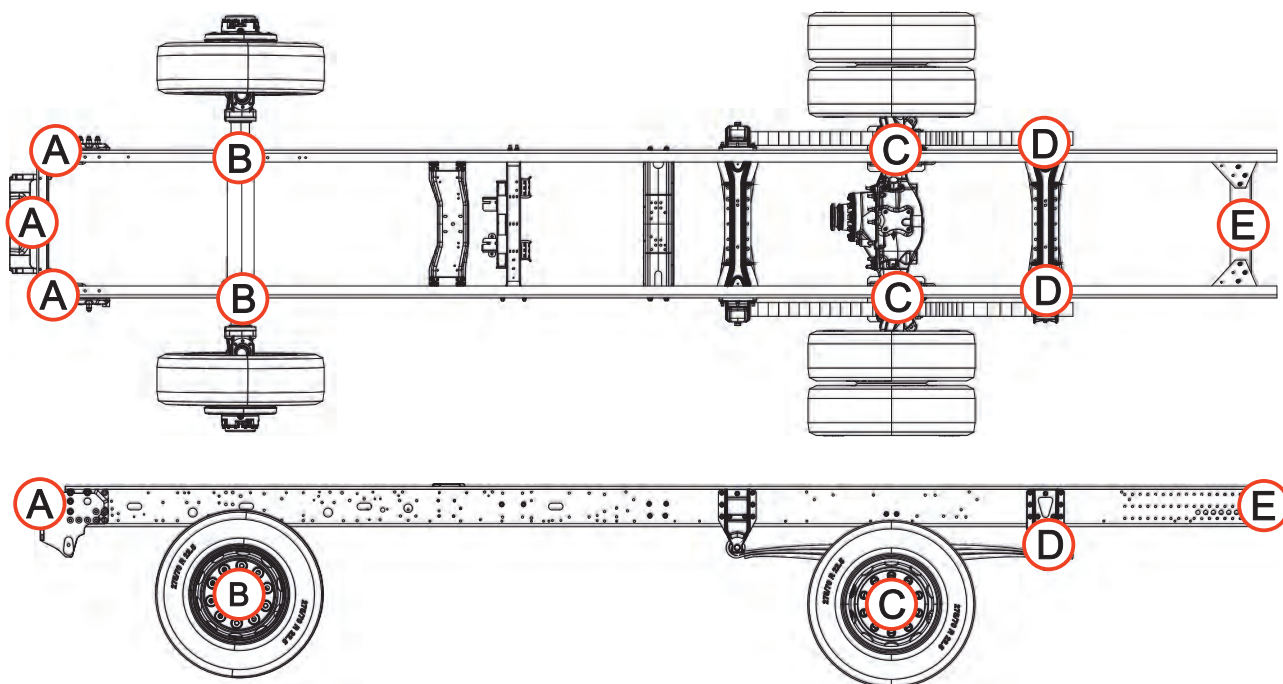
1. Chock the wheels.



2. Apply the parking brake.



Towing and jacking points



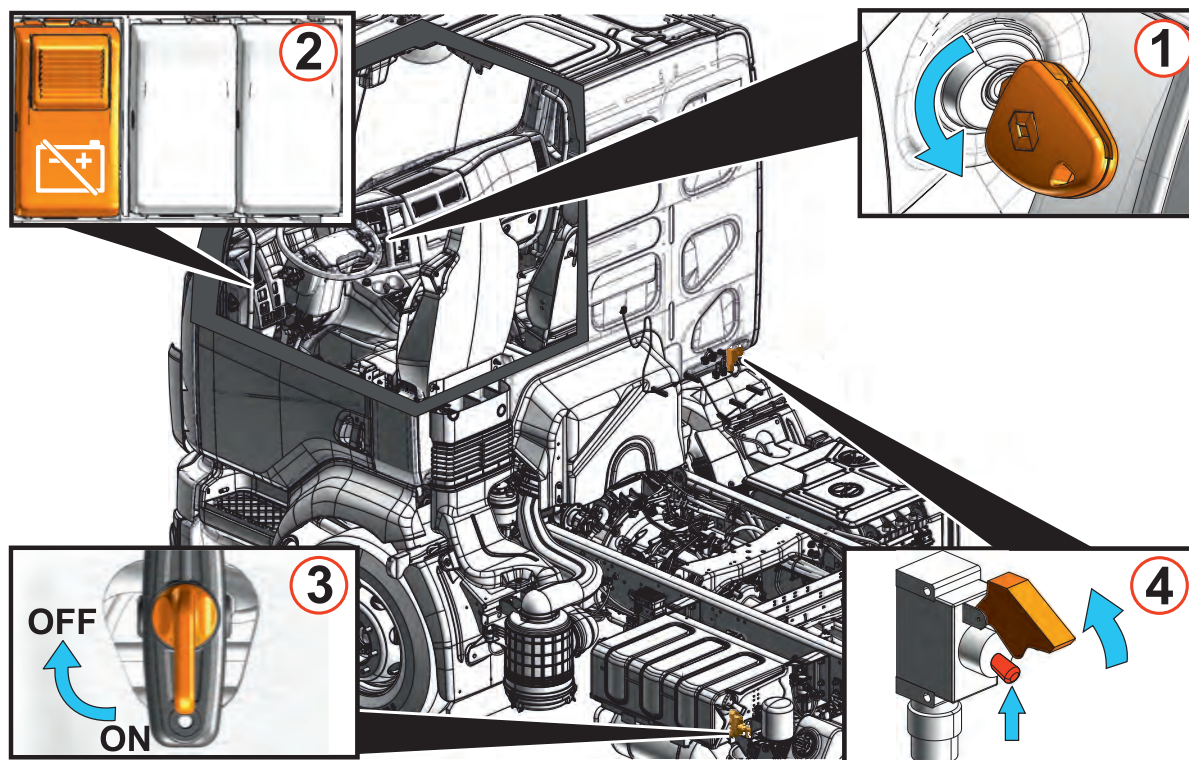
A. Towing point at front, B. At front axle, C. At rear axle, D. At side anchorage, E. Towing point at rear
Always use the specified lifting points and devices (clevises and chassis guards) to lift the truck.

Note: It is not recommended to lift the truck using towing points A and E.

3. Disable direct hazards / safety regulations

Primary disabling method

Step 1: Shut down power in vehicle



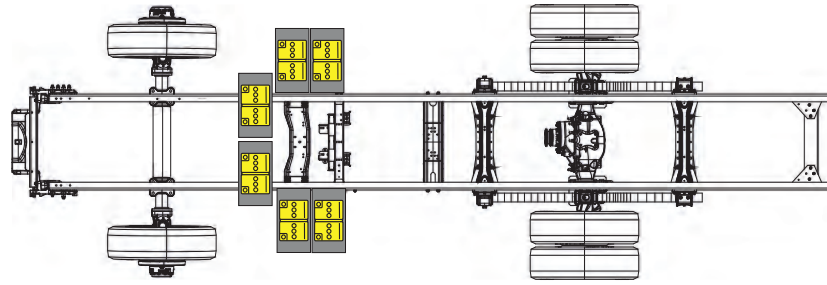
Method 1 : If possible, turn off the starter switch (1) and remove the key or press the main switch (2).

Method 2 : Turn off the battery main switch (3) or (4).

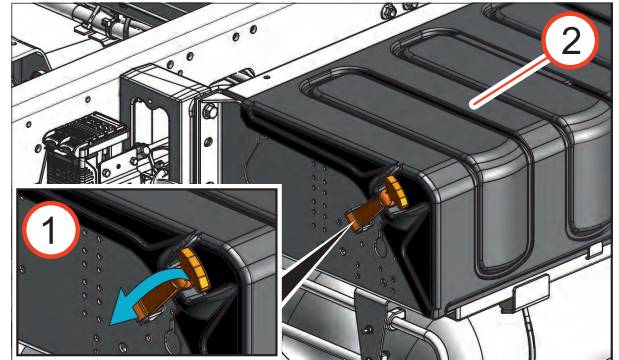
Note : The location of battery main switch (3) on the battery box may vary depends on vehicle variant.

Step 2: Disconnect the batteries of the 24 V system

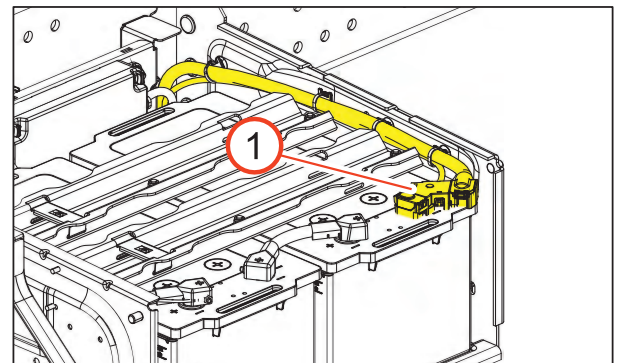
The 24 V battery can be located at the right or left, or across the framerail of the truck.



1. Pull the rubber strap (1) away and remove the cover (2).



2. Remove the battery negative cable (1).



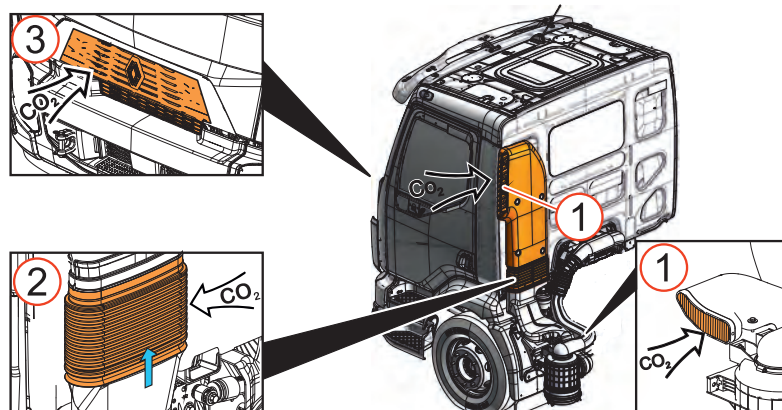
Alternative disabling method (spray CO₂)

If it is not possible to turn off the engine by cutting the power supply or due to diesel runaway, spray CO₂ into the engine cylinder continuously until the engine shuts off completely.

Method 1: Spray CO₂ into the air intake pipe (1).

Method 2: Lift the rubber bellow (2), insert the fire extinguisher nozzle and spray CO₂ in downward direction.

Note: Spray CO₂ through the right side of the front grill (3) for the vehicle variants with air intake pipe routed under the cab.

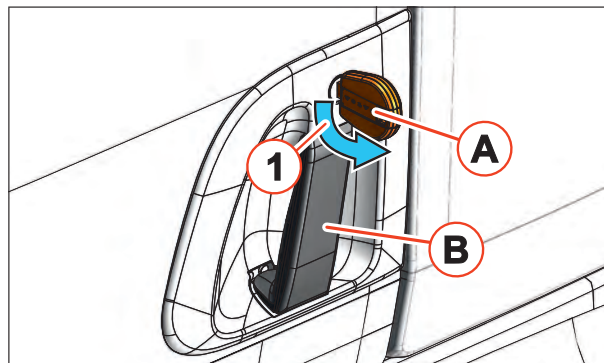


4. Access to the occupants

Opening the doors from the outside

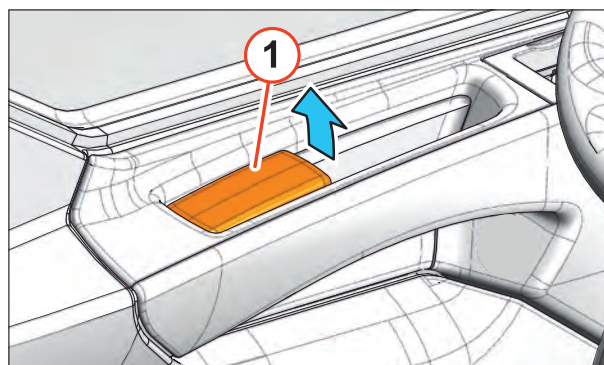
To unlock the driver door, turn the key (A) in the anticlockwise direction (1).

To open the door, pull the door handle (B).



Opening the doors from the inside

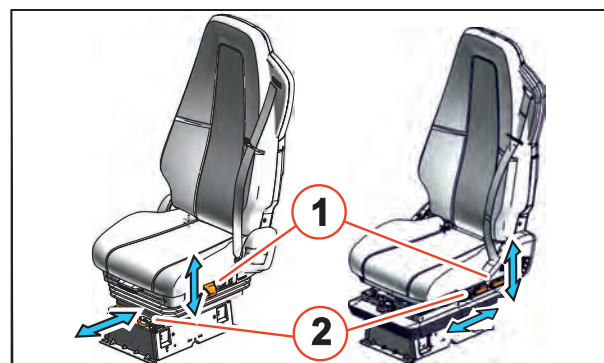
To unlock and open the driver or passenger side door, pull the door handle (1) of the respective door.



Seat adjustment

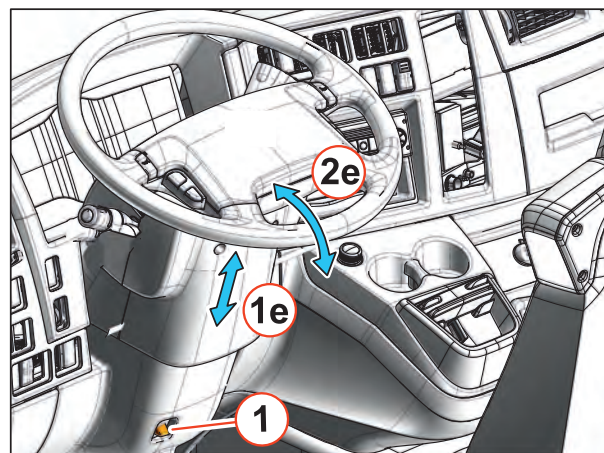
To adjust the seat height, use the switch (1).

To slide the seat front or back, use the lever/switch (2).



Steering system adjustments

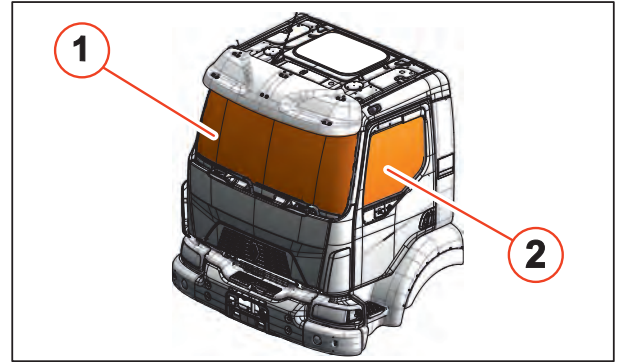
Press the button (1) to adjust the steering column in the vertical directions (1e) and the angular direction (2e).



Windshield and door windows

Windshield (1) is made of laminated glass, and the door windows (2) are made of tempered glass.

For the vehicles with four-door cab, the front and rear door windows are made of laminated or tempered glass depends on vehicle variant.



High-strength zone

The cab has no high-strength or ultra-high-strength steel.

5. Stored energy / liquids / gases / solids



12 V battery

The electrolyte solution in the 12 V batteries contains sulphuric acid, which is highly corrosive and can cause severe chemical burns and damage the eyes.

The 12 V batteries vent little or no gas while discharging, but explosive mixtures of hydrogen and oxygen can be produced during charging that may cause fire or explosion.

Note: Do not perform any operation on the 12 V batteries without appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Fluids

1. Diesel 2. Engine oil 3. Transmission oil 4. Exhaust reagent (AdBlue) 5. Steering oil
6. Hydraulicoil 7. Refrigerant 8. Brake fluid 9. Grease 10. Antifreeze agent (coolant) 11. Windshield washer fluid 12. AC compressor oil

6. In case of fire



Emergency services personnel must wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and self-contained breathing apparatus.

To avoid potential injury, always approach the vehicle from the side, as the vehicle may move without giving warning.

If possible, chock the wheels and apply the handbrake.

Evacuate and secure the area.

If possible, disable direct hazards (refer to "3. Disable direct hazards / safety regulations").



Use class ABC fire extinguisher.



Burning diesel fuel produces thick black smoke and toxic fumes, including carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide, and other harmful compounds.



A diesel truck itself is not explosive under normal conditions. However, diesel can still catch fire and, under certain circumstances, can be involved in explosions. If the fire heats up the fuel tank enough, it can lead to a pressure build-up and possible explosion.

7. In case of submersion



The degree of damage of a submerged truck may not be visible.
Submersion in water can damage 12 V/24 V components.
Handling a truck without an appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) may result in serious injury.
If possible, disable direct hazards (refer to "3. Disable direct hazards / safety regulations").



Risk of environmental hazard due to presence of fuel and other fluids.



Diesel fuel, oil, and other vehicle fluids can leak into the water, creating a toxic environment.

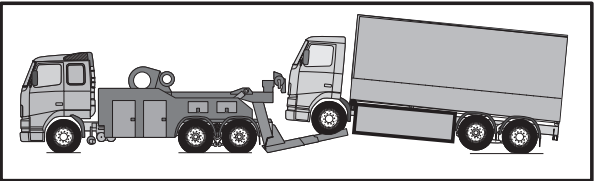
8. Towing / transportation / storage



Check the condition of the fuel tank before towing. If the fuel tank is damaged, there is a risk of fire. Take proper measure to drain the fuel.

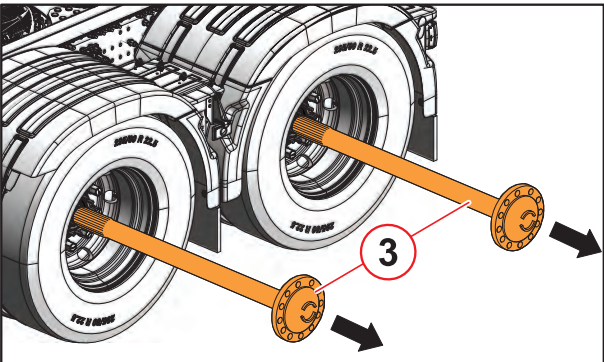
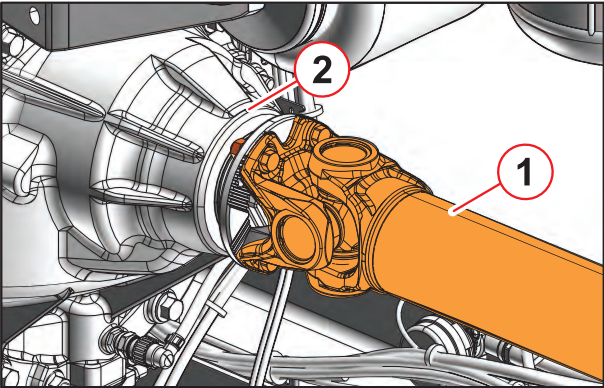


Before towing a truck with rear wheels on the ground, it is mandatory to disconnect the drive to the wheels.

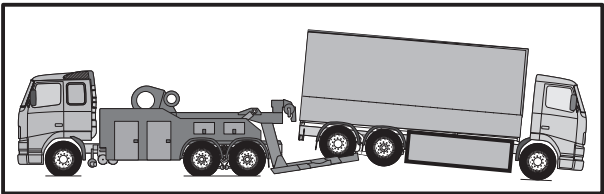


The drive to the wheels is disabled by either uncoupling the propeller shaft (1) from the driven axle (2) or by removing the drive shafts (3).

Note: Towing a diesel truck with the rear wheels on the ground without disabling the drive may cause damage to the gearbox and engine.



When the truck is towed with the rear wheels lifted, lock the steering wheel.



9. Important additional information



Do not perform any operation on a damaged truck without an appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

10. Explanation of pictograms used



General warning sign



Use ABC powder to extinguish the fire



Flammable



Hazardous to human health



Environmental hazard



Use water to extinguish the fire



Risk of explosion



Corrosives



Acute toxicity